

# Algebraic Geometric Codes

Recitation 03

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# The field of rational functions

We denote by  $F(x)$  the field of rational functions in the variable  $x$  over  $F$ . Every element  $u \in F(x)$  can be represented as a fraction  $u = \frac{f(x)}{g(x)}$ , where  $f, g \in F[x]$ .

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We want to study all the valuations of  $F(x)$ .

Let  $F \subseteq K$  be a field, and let  $\varphi : F \rightarrow K \cup \{\infty\}$  be a place, trivial on  $F$  (i.e. for  $\alpha \in F, \varphi(\alpha) = \alpha$ ).

# Valuations over $F[x]$

Assume  $\varphi(x) \neq \infty$ . Then, as  $\varphi$  is a place, we deduce that for every  $f \in F[x]$ ,  $\varphi(f) \neq \infty$ . Thus  $\varphi_0 = \varphi|_{F[x]}: F[x] \rightarrow K$ .

## Claim

*Let  $L$  be a field and  $\psi: F[x] \rightarrow L$  be an homomorphism, then  $\ker(\psi) = \langle p \rangle$  for some irreducible polynomial  $p$ .*

## Proof.



## Valuations over $F[x]$ – cont

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If  $p = 0$  then  $\ker(\varphi_0) = \{0\}$  and every  $u \in F(x)$ , satisfies  $\varphi(u) \in K$  and thus  $\varphi$  and the valuation is trivial on  $F$ .

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Thus,  $\deg(p) \geq 1$ . Denote by  $\tau = \varphi(x) \in K$ . We can represent each element  $u \in F(x)$  in the form  $u = p^m \frac{f(t)}{g(t)}$ , where  $p, f, g$  are pairwise co-prime and  $m \in \mathbb{Z}$ . Therefore

$$\varphi(u) = \begin{cases} \frac{f(\tau)}{g(\tau)} & m = 0 \\ 0 & m > 0 \\ \infty & m < 0 \end{cases}.$$

Therefore  $\mathcal{O}_p = \{f/g \mid p \nmid g\}$ .

## Valuations over $F[x]$ – cont

Using the previous representation ( $u = p^m \frac{f(t)}{g(t)}$ ) we can define a valuation  $v_p(u) = m$ . It's valuation ring is also  $\mathcal{O}_p$  and thus it corresponds to  $\varphi$ . This is called the  $p$ -adic valuation of  $F(x)$ .

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### Claim

*If  $p \neq q$  are coprime irreducible polynomials, then  $v_p$  and  $v_q$  are not equivalent.*

### Proof.

As  $v_p(1/p) = -1$  and  $v_q(1/p) = 0$ .



## Other Valuations

The only case left to consider is when  $\varphi(t) = \infty$  therefore  $\varphi\left(\frac{1}{t}\right) = 0$ . Every  $u \in F(x)$  can be written

$$u = \frac{\sum_{i=0}^k a_i x^i}{\sum_{j=0}^l b_j x^j} = x^{k-l} \frac{\sum_{i=0}^k a_i x^{i-k}}{\sum_{j=0}^l b_j x^{j-l}}$$

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$\mathcal{O}_\infty = \{u \mid \deg(u) \leq 0\}$ , and  $v_\infty(u) = -\deg(u)$ .

## Conclusion - calculating degrees

We concluded that the set of valuations of  $F(x)$  is

$$\{v_\infty\} \cup \{v_p \mid p \in F[x] \text{ is irreducible}\}.$$

What are the degrees of the corresponding places?  $\deg(P_\infty) = 1$ ,  
 $\deg(P_p) = \deg(p)$ .