Introduction to Algebraic-Geometric Codes

Spring 2019

Exercise 6

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- **Exercise 6.1.** (a) Let (A, m) be a local ring, and let  $a \in A \setminus m$ . Show that for every  $m \in m$ , a + m is a unit.
  - (b) Let (A, m) be a local ring. Show that A is a local PID  $\iff A$  is noetherian and m is principal.
  - (c) Let (A, m), (B, n) be local PID's with the same field of fractions, K, such that  $A \subseteq B$ . Show that A = B or B = K.

**Exercise 6.2.** Let  $A \subset B$  be an integral ring extension. Let  $P \in Spec(A)$ ,  $Q \in Spec(B)$  such that  $P = Q \cap A$ .

- (a) Show that B/Q is integral over A/P.
- (b) Show that  $B_P$  is integral over  $A_P$ .

**Exercise 6.3.** Let  $A \subset B$  be an integral ring extension.

- (a) Let  $P_1 \subseteq P_2 \in Spec(A)$  and  $Q_1 \in Spec(B)$  such that  $P_1 = Q_1 \cap A$  show that there is  $Q_1 \subseteq Q_2 \in Spec(B)$  such that  $P_2 = Q_2 \cap A$ .
- (b) Deduce the following statement: Let  $P_1 \subseteq ... \subseteq P_n \in Spec(A)$  and  $Q_1 \subseteq ... \subseteq Q_m \in Spec(B)$ . Assume that m < n and that for every  $1 \le i \le m$ ,  $P_i = Q_i \cap A$ . Then there are  $Q_m \subseteq Q_{m+1} \subseteq ... \subset Q_n$  such that for every  $1 \le i \le n$ ,  $P_i = Q_i \cap A$ . This is called the Going Up Theorem.
- (c) Prove that  $\dim(A) = \dim(B)$ .

**Exercise 6.4.** Let  $I_1, \ldots, I_n \triangleleft A$  be pairwise coprime ideals, then  $A/(\prod_{i=1}^n I_i) \cong A/I_1 \times \ldots \times A/I_n$ . This is called the Chinese Remainders Theorem.